

Bournemouth University

Ashley Warner

has been awarded the degree of

Bachelor of Science

with Second Class Honours (Lower Division)

having followed an approved programme in

Sports Development and Coaching Sciences

29 June 2016

Chancellor

Nill (9

Vice Chancellor



8 INFORMATION ON THE NATIONAL HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM

Description of Higher Education in England, Wales and Northern Ireland

In England, Wales and Northern Ireland₁, higher education institutions are independent, self-governing bodies active in teaching, research and scholarship. They are established by Royal Charter or legislation and most are part-funded by government.

Higher education (HE) is provided by many different types of institution. In addition to universities and university colleges, whose charters and statutes are made through the Privy Council which advises the Queen on the granting of Royal Charters and incorporation of universities, there are a number of publicly-designated and autonomous institutions within the higher education sector. Publicly funded higher education provision is available in some colleges of further education by the authority of another duly empowered institution. Teaching to prepare students for the award of higher education qualifications can be conducted in any higher education institution and in some further education colleges.

Degree awarding powers and the title 'university'

All universities and many higher education colleges have the legal power to develop their own courses and award their own degrees, as well as determine the conditions on which they are awarded. Some HE colleges and specialist institutions without these powers offer programmes, with varying extents of devolved authority, leading to the degrees of an institution which does have them. All universities in existence before 2005 have the power to award degrees on the basis of completion of taught courses and the power to award research degrees. From 2005, institutions in England and Wales that award only taught degrees ('first' and 'second cycle') and which meet certain numerical criteria, may also be permitted to use the title 'university'. Higher education institutions that award only taught degrees but which do not meet the numerical criteria may apply to use the title 'university college', although not all choose to do so.

All of these institutions are subject to the same regulatory quality assurance and funding requirements as universities; and all institutions decide for themselves which students to admit and which staff to appoint.

Degrees and other higher education qualifications are legally owned by the awarding institution, not by the state.

The names of institutions with their own degree awarding powers ("Recognised Bodies") are available for download at: http://www.bis.gov.uk/policies/higher-education/recognised-uk-degrees/recognised-bodies.

Higher education institutions, further education colleges and other organisations able to offer courses leading to a degree of a Recognised Body are listed by the English, Welsh and Northern Irish authorities, and are known as "Listed Bodies". View the list at: http://www.bis.gov.uk/policies/higher-education/recognised-uk-degrees/listed-bodies.

Qualifications

The types of qualifications awarded by higher education institutions at sub-degree and undergraduate (first cycle) and postgraduate level (second and third cycles) are described in the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications in England, Wales and Northern Ireland (FHEQ). This also includes qualification descriptors that were developed with the HE sector by the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education (QAA - established in 1997 as an independent UK-wide body to monitor the standard of higher education provision - www.qaa.ac.uk). The FHEQ was self-certified as compatible with the Framework for Qualifications of the European Higher Education Area, the qualifications framework

adopted as part of the Bologna Process, in February 2009. Foundation degrees, designed to create intermediate awards strongly oriented towards specific employment opportunities, were introduced in 2001. In terms of the European Higher Education Area they are "short cycle" qualifications within the first cycle. The FHEQ is one component of the Credit and Qualifications Framework for Wales (CQFW). The Qualifications and Curriculum Authority (QCA), the Department for Children, Education, Lifelong Learning and Skills, Wales (DCELLS) and the Council for Curriculum Examination and Assessment, Northern Ireland (CCEA) have established the Qualifications and Credit Framework (to replace, in time, the National Qualifications Framework (NQF)). These authorities regulate a number of professional, statutory and other awarding bodies which control VET and general qualifications at all levels. The QCF is also incorporated into the CQFW. There is a close association between the levels of the FHEQ and the NQF (as shown overleaf), and other frameworks of the UK and Ireland 'Qualifications can cross Boundaries' http://www.qaa.ac.uk/Publications/InformationAndGuidance/Pages/ qualifications-can-cross-boundaries.aspx

Quality Assurance

Academic standards are established and maintained by higher education institutions themselves using an extensive and sophisticated range of shared quality assurance approaches and structures. Standards and quality in institutions are underpinned by the universal use of external examiners, a standard set of indicators and other reports, by the activities of the QAA, and in professional areas by relevant professional, statutory and regulatory bodies. This ensures that institutions meet national expectations described in the FHEQ: subject benchmark statements, the Code of Practice and programme specifications. QAA conducts peer-review based audits and reviews of higher education institutions with the opportunity for subject-based review as the need arises. The accuracy and adequacy of quality-related information published by the higher education institutions is also reviewed. QAA also reviews publicly funded higher education provision in further education colleges.

Credit Systems

Most higher education institutions in England and Northern Ireland belong to one of several credit consortia and some operate local credit accumulation and transfer systems for students moving between programmes and/or institutions. A framework of national guidelines, the Higher Education Credit Framework for England, was launched in 2008. Credit is also an integral part of the CQFW and the QCF. It may be possible for credit awarded in one framework to be recognised by education providers whose qualifications sit within a different framework. HE credit systems in use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland are compatible with the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS) for accumulation and transfers within the European Higher Education Area, and are used to recognise learning gained by students in institutions elsewhere in Europe.

Admission

The most common qualification for entry to higher education is the General Certificate of Education at 'Advanced' (A) level. Other appropriate NQF level 3 qualifications and the kite-marked Access to HE Diploma may also provide entry to HE. Level 3 qualifications in the CQFW, including the Welsh Baccalaureate, also provide entry, as do Scottish Highers, Advanced Highers or qualifications at the same levels of the Scottish Credit and Qualifications Framework. Part-time and mature students may enter HE with these qualifications or alternatives with evidenced equivalent prior formal and/or experiential learning. Institutions will admit students whom they believe to have the potential to complete their programmes successfully.

¹ The UK has a system of devolved government, including for higher education, to Scotland, to Wales and to Northern Ireland. This description is approved by the High Level Policy Forum which includes representatives of the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills, the Scotlish Government, the Welsh Assembly Government, the Higher Education Funding Councils for England, Scotland and Wales, the Quality Assurance Agency (QAA), Universities UK (UUK), GuildHE and the National Recognition Information Centre for the UK (UK NARIC).



Bournemouth University Diploma Supplement

This Diploma Supplement model was developed by the European Commission, Council of Europe and UNESCO/CEPES. The purpose of the supplement is to provide sufficient independent data to improve the international 'transparency' and fair academic and professional recognition of qualifications (diplomas, degrees, certificates etc.). It is designed to provide a description of the nature, level, context, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed by the individual named on the original qualification to which this supplement is appended. It should be free from any value judgements, equivalence statements or suggestions about recognition. Information in all eight sections should be provided. Where information is not provided, an explanation should give the reason why.

1 INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE HOLDER OF THE QUALIFICATION

1.1 Family Name(s) / Surname(s):

WARNER

1.2 Given Name(s) / First Names(s):

ASHLEY

1.3 Date of Birth (day/month/year):

18/07/1992

1.4 Student identification number or code (if available):

4422920

2 INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE QUALIFICATION

2.1 Name of qualification and (if applicable) title conferred:

Bachelor of Science

2.2 Main fields(s) of study for the qualification:

Sports Science and Sport coaching and Sport development

2.3 Name and status of awarding institution (in original language):

Bournemouth University

2.4 Name and status of institution (if different from 2.3) administering studies (in original language):

as section 2.3

2.5 Language of instruction/examination:

English

3 INFORMATION ON THE LEVEL OF THE QUALIFICATION

3.1 Level of qualification:

Level 6 of the National Qualifications Framework

3.2 Official length of programme:

4 Years

3.3 Access requirement(s):

Undergraduate - The minimum requirement for entry is evidence of achievement to Level 3 of the National Qualifications Framework

4 INFORMATION ON THE CONTENTS AND RESULTS GAINED

4.1 Mode of study:

Full Time with a Year in Industry

4.2 Programme requirements:

The specific programme requirements are detailed in the relevant Programme Specification, the version number for which is shown in 4.3 overleaf. The Programme Specification will provide information on the length of the programme, credit structure, required units of study, intermediate awards, progression requirements, admission regulations and assessment regulations. Programme specifications are available via www.bournemouth.ac.uk/programme-specifications

- 4.3 Please see next page for programme details:
- 4.4 Grading scheme and, if available, grade distribution guidance:

The grading scheme used by the University is based on percentages. Units are given a mark between 0-100% with a minimum pass mark of 40% for undergraduate programmes and 50% for Postgraduate programmes. The overall classification of the qualification is based upon the final credit-weighted aggregate mark. Bachelors degrees are classified as 'First Class' for 70% or more, Second Class, Upper Division' for 60-69, 'Second Class, Lower Division' for 50-59 and 'Third Class' for 40-49%. All other qualifications (except Doctorates) are classified as 'Merit' for 60-69% and 'Distinction' for 70% or more,

4.5 Overall classification of the qualification (in original language):

Bachelors Degree with Second Class Honours (Lower Division)

5 INFORMATION ON THE FUNCTION OF THE QUALIFICATION

5.1 Access to further study:

This qualification may lead to study at Level 7 of the National Qualifications Framework

5.2 Professional status (if applicable):

This programme does not confer any right to practise or professional status

6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

6.1 Additional Information:

Not Applicable

6.2 Further information sources:

For further information please refer to the University website www.bournemouth.ac.uk/diploma-supplements





Date issued: 03/10/2016 Certificate number: 692536 Learner number: 179420

This is to certify that

Ashley Warner

has been awarded the

Active IQ Level 3 Diploma In Sports Massage Therapy

(Qualification Accreditation Number 601/4930/9)

In successfully achieving this qualification the learner has been awarded the following unit(s) and credits(s)

E CHOICE FOR

- Anatomy and Physiology for Sports Massage (J/506/7220) 10 Credits at Level 3
- Principles of Health and Fitness (R/506/7222) 3 Credits at Level 2
- Professional Practice in Sports Massage (D/506/7224) 5 Credits at Level 3
- Sports Massage Treatments (T/506/7228) 16 Credits at Level 3
- Understand the Principles of Soft Tissue Dysfunction (Y/506/7223) 3 Credits at Level 3

3 Credits at Level 2

34 Credits at Level 3









